I claim:

- 1. A heat stabilizing composition for a polyolefin, comprising: (A) an oxidized, non-cationized, non-silylated sulfur black pigment, (B) a hindered phenolic antioxidant, (C) a sulfur-containing secondary stabilizer, and (D) a hindered amine.
- 2. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1, wherein (A) is selected from C. I. Sulphur Black 1; C. I. Sulphur Black 2; C. I. Sulphur Black 11; and C. I. Sulphur Black 18.
- 3. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1, wherein (A) is present in the range from 0.1 to 10 w% on total wt%., (B) is from 0.01 to 1 w% on total wt.%, (C) is from 0.02 to 2 w% on total wt%, and (D) is from 0.05-1 w% on total wt%.
- 4. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1, wherein said sulfur black pigment is washed to reduce the water soluble salts present in said sulfur black pigment.
- 5. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1, wherein said phenolic antioxidant is selected from 2,6-di-t-butyl-4-methylphenol;
- 2,6-di(α -methylbenzyl) 4-methylphenol;
- 4-hydroxymethyl-2,6-di-t-butylphenol;

butylated hydroxyanisole;

- 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl phenol;
- 2-t-butyl-1,4-benzenediol;

octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl phosphonate;

ethylene 3,3-bis(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) butyrate;

- 2,2'-methylenebis(4-methyl-6-t-butylphenol);
- 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol;
- 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxymethylphenol;

4,4'-butylidenebis[3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol]; 2,2'-butylidenebis[4-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol]; 4,4'-methylenebis(2,6-di-tert-butylphenol); 2,2'-methylenebis (4-methyl-6-nonylphenol); 2,2'-methylenebis [4-methyl-6-(1-methylcyclohexyl)phenol]; 2,2'-bis(4-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl) propane; 2,2'-oxalyldiamidobisethyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate; 2,2'-methylenebis(4-ethyl-6-tert-butylphenol); 2,2'-methylenebis[6-(1-methylcyclocyclohexyl)-p-cresol]: 4,4'-thiobis(6-t-butyl-o-cresol); 2,2'-thiobis[4,6-di-tert-butyl-m-cresol]; 2, 2'-thiobis[4,6-di-tert-butyl-o-cresol]; 4,4'-thiobis (3-methyl-6-t-butyl phenol); thiobisdiethylenebis(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy)hydrocinnamate; butyric acid, 3,3-bis(3-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) ethylene ester; 2,2'-ethylidenebis(4,6-di-t-butylphenol); 2,2'-thiobis(4-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol); bis[4-(2-phenyl-2-propyl)phenyl] amine: N,N-dimethyl(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl) amine; 4,4'-di-tert-octyldiphenylamine; 1,1-bis(2-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)-3,5,5-trimethylhexane; and

the polyphenols, like 1,3,5-tris(4-t-butyl-3-hydroxyl-2,6-dimethylbenzyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-(1 H, 3H, 5H)-trione; tetrakis[methylene (3,5di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy)hydrocinnamate]methane; 1,3,5-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-s-triazine-2,4,6 (1H, 3H, 5H)-trione; 1,3,5-tris(2,6-dimethyl-3-hydroxy-4-tert-butylbenzyl) isocyanurate; trimethyl-2,4,6-tris(3,5,-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)benzene);

1,6-hexamethylene bis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate].

tris(3,5,-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl) isocyanurate;

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tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) phosphate;
hydrocinnamic acid, 3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy-, triester with 1,3,5-tris(2-
hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine-2-4,6-(1H, 3H, 5H)-trione;
1,1,3-tris ((2-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-t-butylphenyl)butane);
3,5-bis((3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy)benzyl)-2,4,6-trimethylphenol;
pentaerythritol tetrakis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate;
calcium bis(ethyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylphosphonate);
o,o-dimethyl o-(4-cyanophenyl) phosphorothioate;
terephthalic acid, 1,4-dithio-,S,S-bis(4-tert-butyl-3-hydroxy-2,6-dimethylbenztl)
ester:
triethylene glycol bis(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-5-methylhydrocinnamate);
hexamethylene bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;
1,2-bis(3,5,di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamoyl)hydrazide;
4,4'-di-tert-octyldiphenamine:
phosphonic acid, (3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-,dioctadecyl ester;
1,3,5-trimethyl-2,4,6-tris(3',5'-di-tert-butyl-4'hydroxybenzyl)benzene;
2,4-bis(octylthio)-6-(4-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylanilino)-1,3,5-triazine;
isooctyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate:
octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate;
3,7-bis(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)-10H-phenothiazine;
2,2'-methylenebis(4-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol)monoacrylate;
2-tert-butyl-6-[1-(3-tert-butyl-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)ethyl]-4-methylphenyl
acrylate;
2-[1-(2-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-pentylphenyl)ethyl]-4,6-di-tert-pentylphenyl
acrylate;
1,3-dihydro-2H-Benzimidazole;
2-methyl-4,6-bis[(octylthio)methyl]phenol;
N,N'-trimethylenebis-[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionamide;
4-n-octadecyloxy-2,6-diphenylphenol;
2,2'-ethylidenebis[4,6-di-tert-butylphenol];
N,N'-hexamethylenebis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamamide);
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diethyl (3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenxyl)phosphonate;
4-octyl-N-(4-octylphenyl)-benzenamine;
4,4'-di-tert-octyldiphenylamine;
N-phenyl-1-napthalenamine;
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline polymer;
tris[2-tert-butyl-4-(3-ter-butyl-4-hydroxy-6-methylphenylthio)-5-methyl phenyl] phosphite;
zinc dinonyldithiocarbamate;
and
3,9-bis[1,1-diimethyl-2-[(3-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)propionyloxy]ethyl]-2,4,8,10-tetraoxaspiro[5.5]undecane.
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6. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1, wherein said sulfur-containing secondary stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of 2,2'-thiobis(4methyl-6-tert-butylphenol); tetrakis(3-laurylthiopropionyloxymethyl)methane; pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-alkylthiopropionate) wherein alkyl is C₆₋₂₀ carbon atoms, e.g. pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-dodecylthiopropionate); lauryl 3,3'-thiodipropionate; stearyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate; distearyl disulfide; dilauryl 3,3'-thiodipropionate; dimyristyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate; propionic acid, 3,3'-thiobis-, didodecyl ester; ditridecyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate; distearyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate, dioctadecyl 3,3-thiodipropionate; and dimyristyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate.

7. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1, wherein said sulfur-containing secondary stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of 2,2'-thiobis(4-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol);

tetrakis(3-laurylthiopropionyloxymethyl)methane;

pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-alkylthiopropionate) wherein alkyl is C_{6-20} carbon atoms, e.g. pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-dodecylthiopropionate);

lauryl 3,3'-thiodipropionate;

stearyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate;

distearyl disulfide;

dilauryl 3,3'-thiodipropionate;

dimyristyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate;

propionic acid, 3,3'-thiobis-, didodecyl ester;

ditridecyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate;

distearyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate,

dioctadecyl 3,3-thiodipropionate; and

dimyristyl 3,3'-thiodipropionate.

8. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1, wherein said hindered amine has the structure:

in which n and m are independently 0 to 100, with the proviso that n and m cannot both be 0,

R1 is hydrogen, C₅-C₇-cycloalkyl, or a C₁-C₁₂-alkyl group,

 R^2 and R^3 independently of one another are a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_{18} -alkyl group or, together with the carbon atom connecting them, a 5- to 13-membered hindered amino group, and

 R^4 is either hydrogen or a C_1 - C_5 -alkyl group, an oxygen radical O^* , -OH, -NO, -CH₂CN, benzyl, allyl, a C_1 - C_{10} -alkyloxy group, a C_5 - C_6 -cycloalkyloxy group, a C_6 - C_7 -aryloxy group in which additionally the aryl radical can also be substituted, a C_7 - C_{10} -arylalkyloxy group in which additionally the aryl radical can also be substituted, a C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl group, a C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_4 -acyl group, halogen or C_7 - C_9 -phenylalkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring by C_1 - C_2 -alkyl.

- 9. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1 further comprising a benzophenone compound.
- 10. The heat stabilizing composition of claim 1, further comprising carbon black pigment.
- 14. A polyolefin compound comprising:
 - at least one polyolefin resin; and
 - a heat stabilizing compound including:
 - (A) an oxidized, non-cationized, non-silylated sulfur black pigment,
 - (B) a hindered phenolic antioxidant,
 - (C) a sulfur-containing secondary stabilizer, and
 - (D) a hindered amine.
- 12. The polyolefin compound of claim 11, wherein said at least one polyolefin resin is selected from homopolymers of polyethylene, polypropylene, poly-1-butene, polyisobutene, poly-3-methyl-1-butene, poly-4-methyl-1-pentene, and cyclic polyolefin.

- 13. The polyolefin compound of claim 11, wherein (A) is selected from C. I. Sulphur Black 1; C. I. Sulphur Black 2; C. I. Sulphur Black 11; and C. I. Sulphur Black 18.
- 14. The polyolefin compound of claim 11, wherein said hindered amine has the structure:

in which n and m are independently 0 to 100, with the proviso that n and m cannot both be 0,

R1 is hydrogen, C5-C7-cycloalkyl, or a C1-C12-alkyl group,

 R^2 and R^3 independently of one another are a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_{18} -alkyl group or, together with the carbon atom connecting them, a 5- to 13-membered hindered amino group, and

 R^4 is either hydrogen or a C_1 - C_5 -alkyl group, an oxygen radical O^* , -OH, -NO, -CH₂CN, benzyl, allyl, a C_1 - C_{10} -alkyloxy group, a C_5 - C_6 -cycloalkyloxy group, a C_6 - C_7 -aryloxy group in which additionally the aryl radical can also be substituted, a C_7 - C_{10} -arylalkyloxy group in which additionally the aryl radical can also be substituted, a C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl group, a C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_4 -acyl group, halogen or C_7 - C_9 -phenylalkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring by C_1 - C_2 -alkyl.

15. The polyolefin compound of claim 11, wherein said heat stabilizing compound further comprises carbon black pigment.

- 16. The polyolefin compound of claim 11, wherein said sulphur black pigment is washed to reduce the water soluble salts present in said sulphur black pigment.
- 17. A dry-blended, melt-phase compounded polyolefin article comprising the polyolefin compound of claim 11.
- 18. A dry-blended, melt-phase compounded polyolefin article comprising the polyolefin compound of claim 15.
- 18. A method for increasing the long term heat aging stability of a polyolefin resin comprising the steps of adding to the polyolefin resin, (A) an oxidized, non-cationized, non-silylated sulfur black pigment, (B) a hindered phenolic antioxidant, (C) a sulfur-containing secondary stabilizer, and (D) a hindered amine.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein (A) is selected from C. I. Sulphur Black 1; C. I. Sulphur Black 2; C. I. Sulphur Black 11; and C. I. Sulphur Black 18.
- 21. The method of claim 19, wherein (A) is added in an amount in the range from 0.1 to 10 w% on total wt%, (B) from 0.01 to 1. w% on total wt.%, (C) from 0.02 to 2 w% on total wt%, and (D) is from 0.05-1 w% on total w%.
- 22. The method of claim 19, wherein said hindered amine has the structure:

in which n and m are independently 0 to 100, with the proviso that n and m cannot both be 0,

R1 is hydrogen, C₅-C₇-cycloalkyl, or a C₁-C₁₂-alkyl group,

 R^2 and R^3 independently of one another are a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_{18} -alkyl group or, together with the carbon atom connecting them, a 5- to 13-membered hindered amino group, and

 R^4 is either hydrogen or a C_1 - C_5 -alkyl group, an oxygen radical O*, -OH, -NO, -CH₂CN, benzyl, allyl, a C_1 - C_{10} -alkyloxy group, a C_5 - C_6 -cycloalkyloxy group, a C_6 - C_7 -aryloxy group in which additionally the aryl radical can also be substituted, a C_7 - C_{10} -arylalkyloxy group in which additionally the aryl radical can also be substituted, a C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl group, a C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_4 -acyl group, halogen or C_7 - C_9 -phenylalkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring by C_1 - C_2 -alkyl.

- 23. The method of claim 19, further comprising adding carbon black pigment to the polyolefin resin.
- 24. A method for increasing the long term heat aging stability of a polyolefin resin comprising the steps of:

reducing the concentration of water soluble salts in a sulfur black pigment to form a treated sulfur black pigment; and

adding said treated sulfur black pigment, a hindered phenolic antioxidant, a sulfur-containing secondary stabilizer, and a hindered amine to the polyolefin resin.

- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the sulfur black pigment is selected from C. I. Sulphur Black 1; C. I. Sulphur Black 2; C. I. Sulphur Black 11; and C. I. Sulphur Black 18.
- 26. The method of claim 24, wherein said hindered amine has the structure:

in which n and m are independently 0 to 100, with the proviso that n and m cannot both be 0,

R1 is hydrogen, C₅-C₇-cycloalkyl, or a C₁-C₁₂-alkyl group,

 R^2 and R^3 independently of one another are a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_{18} -alkyl group or, together with the carbon atom connecting them, a 5- to 13-membered hindered amino group, and

 R^4 is either hydrogen or a C_1 - C_5 -alkyl group, an oxygen radical O*, -OH, -NO, -CH₂CN, benzyl, allyl, a C_1 - C_{10} -alkyloxy group, a C_5 - C_6 -cycloalkyloxy group, a C_6 - C_7 -aryloxy group in which additionally the aryl radical can also be substituted, a C_7 - C_{10} -arylalkyloxy group in which additionally the aryl radical can also be substituted, a C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl group, a C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_4 -acyl group, halogen or C_7 - C_9 -phenylalkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring by C_1 - C_2 -alkyl.

- 27. The method of claim 24, further comprising adding carbon black to the polyolefin resin.
- 28. The method of claim 24, wherein said reducing step further comprises washing said sulphur black pigment.
- 29 A masterbatch composition comprising:
 - a polyolefin carrier;
 - a heat stabilizing composition including
 - (A) an oxidized, non-cationized, non-silylated sulfur black pigment,
 - (B) a hindered phenolic antioxidant,
 - (C) a sulfur-containing secondary stabilizer, and
 - (D) a hindered amine.
- 30. The masterbatch composition of claim 29, wherein said heat stabilizing composition is present in an amount between 20% and 50% by weight.